Seat No. : \_

## **DD-101**

December-2023

B.B.A., Sem.-III

CC-205: Company Accounts

Time: 21/2 Hours]

01.

[Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: (1) Figures to the right indicate the marks.

(2) Show calculations as part of your answer.

The Balance Sheet of Shruti Company Ltd. as on 31-3-2023 is as under:

14

		Particulars	Note No.	₹	1
(A)	Equ	uity and Liabilities :			
	[1]	Shareholders Funds:			
		(a) Share Capital			
1		Issued and paid up Share Capital			
1		(60,000 Shares of ₹ 10 each)			6,00,000
		(b) Reserves & Surplus			
		Profit & Loss a/c			4,95,000
	[2]	Non Current Liabilities:			
	12% Debentures				1,50,000
	[3] Current Liabilities :				
		Creditors			75,000
		TOTAL			13,20,000
(B) Asse		ets:			
	[1]	Non Current Assets:			
		Fixed Assets			6,00,000
	[2]	Current Assets:			
		Stock		2,25,000	
		Debtors		1,95,000	
		Cash and Bank Balance		3,00,000	7,20,000
	1817	TOTAL			13,20,000

DD-101 1 P.T.O.

It was resolved at Annual General Meeting:

- To pay dividend of 10%.
- To issue one Bonus Share for every four shares held. (2)
- (3) To repay the debentures at a premium of 3%.

Pass the necessary Journal Entries and prepare the Balance Sheet of the company after

OR

- (A) Explain Sub division and Consolidation of Shares with suitable examples. (B) XYZ Ltd. decides to purchase its own 75,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. The company had a balance of ₹ 15,00,000 in its General Reserve and Bank Balance of ₹ 12,00,000. In order to Buy Back the shares, company issued 30,000, 10 % Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each, which were fully subscribed and paid up. The company bought all the shares at ₹ 15 per share. Make Journal Entries in the books of the company.

2. Following is the Trial Balance of Chetna Co. Ltd., as

Debit Balances	₹	Ltd., as on 31-3-2023:	
Office Expenses		Credit Balances	₹
Salary	4,60,000	10% Preference Share	
Director Fees	1,20,000	Capital	8,00,000
Interest on Debentures	50,000	Equity Share Capital	26,00,000
Preliminary Expenses	20,000	Share Forfeiture a/c	20,000
Audit Fees	30,000	Securities Premium	36,000
		Capital Reserve	1,10,000
Investments	2,80,000	General Reserve	2,40,000
Income Tax paid in sovance	1,00,000	Provident Fund	1,40,000
Debtors	10,00,000	10% Debentures	4,00,000
Bills Receivable	60,000	Sales	37,00,000
Stock (1-5-2022)	1,00,000	Creditors	6,00,000
Purchases	18,00,000	Bills Payable	40,000
Land & Building	24,00,000	Profit & Loss a/c (1- 4-2022)	1,60,000
Plant & Machinery	20,00,000	Public Deposit	
Furniture	4,00,000	Income from Investments	1,20,000
Cash & Bank	96,000	Reserve for Bad debts	18,000
Calls in arrears on equity shares	10,000	and the for Bad debts	16,000
Bad debts	30,000	0.00	
Provident Fund Contribution	12,000		-
	90,00,000		90,00,000

**DD-101** 

After considering the following information, prepare the Vertical Final Accounts as per revised Schedule III, according to Companies Act, 2013:

- (1) The Closing Stock on 31-3-2023 was ₹ 1,50,000.
- (2) Provide 5% reserve for Bad Debts on debtors.
- (3) Provide depreciation on Fixed Assets at 10%.
- (4) Write off 20% of Preliminary expenses.
- (5) The directors of the company recommended dividend on Preference Share Capital and 10% on Equity Share Capital.
- (6) Transfer ₹ 60,000 to General Reserve.
- (7) Make Provision for Taxation ₹ 2,80,000.

## OR

- 2. (A) Prepare Balance Sheet with imaginary figures as per Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.
  - (B) Prepare Profit & Loss Account with imaginary figures as per Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.
- 3. Udit Ltd. and Aditya Ltd. were amalgamated on 1-4-2023. A new company Kajal Ltd. was formed to take over the business of both the companies. The Balance Sheets of Udit Ltd. and Aditya Ltd. as on 31-3-2023 are given as under:

Particulars			Note No.	Udit Ltd.	Aditya Ltd. ₹
[A] Equ	ity an	d Liabilities :	6		
[1]	[1] Shareholders Funds:				
	(A)	Share Capital:			
		Equity Shares of 10 each		9,60,000	9,00,000
		12% Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each		3,60,000	2,40,000
	(B)	Receives & Surplus:			
		Revaluation Reserve		1,80,000	1,20,000
		General Reserve		2,04,000	1,80,000
		Investment Allowance Reserve		60,000	60,000
1		Profit & Loss A/c		60,000	36,000
[2]	Non	Current Liabilities :	18.2		
	10%	Debentures		72,000	36,000
[3]	Current Liabilities :		100		
	Creditors		9333	5,04,000	2,28,000
TOTAL			24,00,000	18,00,000	

DD-101 3 P.T.O.

[B]	Assets:					
	[1]	Non Current Assets:				
		(A) Fixed Assets	10,80,000	7,80,000		
		(B) Non-Current Investments	1,80,000	60,000		
	[2] Current Assets:					
		Stock ·	4,20,000	3,00,000		
		Debtors	3,00,000	3,60,000		
		Bills Receivables	60,000	. 60,000		
0		Bank Balance	3,60,000	2,40,000		
		TOTAL	24,00,000	18,00,000		

## Additional Information:

- (1) 10% Debenture of Udit Ltd. and Aditya Ltd. are discharged by Kajal Ltd. issuing such number of its 15% Debentures of ₹ 100 each so as to maintain the same amount of interest.
- (2) Preference Shareholders of both the companies are issued equivalent number of 14% preference shares of Kajal Ltd. at a price of ₹ 140 per share (face value ₹ 100).
- (3) Kaja Ltd. will issue 1 equity share for each 2 equity shares of Udit Ltd. and 2 equity shares for each 5 equity shares of Aditya Ltd. The shares are to be issued at ₹ 30 each, having a face value of ₹ 10 per share.
- (4) Investment Allowance Reserve is to be maintained for 3 more years.

Prepare the Balance Sheet of Kajal Ltd. as on 1-4-2023 after the amalgamation has been carried out on the following basis:

- (A) Amalgamation is in nature of Purchase.
- (B) Amalgamation is in nature of Merger.

OR

**DD-101** 

## 3. The following are the Balance Sheets of Sushma Ltd. and Neeraj Ltd. as on 31-3-2023: 14

			Particulars	Note No.	Sushma Ltd. ₹	Neeraj Ltd.
[A]	A] Equity and Liabilities:					
	[1]	Shar	eholders Funds:			
		(A)	Share Capital:			
			Equity Share Capital		10,00,000	7,50,000
		(B)	Reserves & Surplus :			THE BOOK 1
			General Reserve		5,00,000	_
Pa de	[2]	Non	Current Liabilities:			<b>(</b>
		10%	Debentures		7,50,000	5,00,000
	[3]	Cur	rent Liabilities :		C	
		Cred	litors		5,00,000	2,50,000
12.1123			TOTAL		27,50,000	15,00,000
[B]	Ass	ets :	un Castellana de la companya			
	[1]	Non	Current Assets:		,	
		(A)	Fixed Assers:			
			Land & Building		11,25,000	4,50,000
		7	Plant & Machinery		3,75,000	1,50,000
		(B)	Non-Current Investments:			
			Investments (M. V. ₹ 1,65,000)		-	1,25,000
		.(C)	Other Non- Current Assets:			A SECTION ASSESSMENT
			Discount on Debentures	ir and d	37,500	25,000
			Profit & Loss A/c		-	3,75,000
	[2]	Cur	rent Assets:		12,12,500	3,75,000
			TOTAL		27,50,000	15,00,000

DD-101 5 P.T.O.

On 1-4-2023 Sushma Ltd. agreed to absorb Neeraj Ltd. on the following conditions: (1) The market value of Land & Building for both the companies are ₹ 12,50,000 and ₹ 5,00,000 respectively. The market value of Plant & Machinery for both the companies are ₹ 3,37,500 (2) and ₹ 1,35,000 respectively. The market value of Current Assets for both the companies are ₹ 11,62,500 and (3) ₹ 2,50,000 respectively. (4) The Equity shares of both the companies are of ₹ 100 each, paid up to the extent of ₹ 80 and ₹ 50 per share respectively. The purchase consideration is to be satisfied by issuing necessary shares of Sushma Ltd. in exchange of shares of Neeraj Ltd. on the basis of intrinsic value of their shares. Prepare necessary ledger accounts in the books of Neeraj Ltd. and pass Journal Entries in the books of Sushma Ltd. Explain advantages and limitations of Human Resource Accounting. 14 OR (A) What is Environmental Accounting? Discuss the utility of Environmental Accounting. 7 (B) What is Forensic Accounting ? Discuss the role of Forensic Accountant. 7 Do as directed : (Any Seven) 14 (1) Give the full form of ESOP. (2) Define: Bonus Shares (3) Amount of dividend is calculated on \_\_\_\_\_. (a) Authorized Capital (b) Paid up Capital (c) Both (a) & (b) (d) None of the above (4) Fully paid up share can be converted into stock. (True/ False)

(6) Under which heading of the balance sheet is general reserve shown? Share Capital

Current Liability)

(b) Current Assets

(c) Reserve & Surplus

(d) None of the above

**DD-101** 

4.

4.

5.

(5) For Company Plant & Machinery is \_\_\_\_\_. (Tangible Assets/ Intangible Assets/

		Amount of Share Forfeiture account is to Share Capital. (Added/ Deducted)	
	(8)	Accounting Standard relates to Amalgamation Accounts.	
		(a) 12 (b) 14	
		(c) 3 (d) 6	
		If Purchase Consideration is ₹ 15,00,000 and Net Assets is ₹ 10,00,000 then the value of Goodwill will be ₹ (5,00,000/25,00,000/10,00,000)	
		When company purchases the business of another company comes into existence. (Amalgamation/ Absorption)	
		Current Purchasing Power is a method of accounting. (Human Resource/ Inflation/ Environmental)	
0	(12)	Forensic Accounting is coined by (Lev/Birbal/ Maurice Paulobet)	
		<b>,</b> 0	
		~D.	
		Affair C	
		Ladder A	
		TOWNIE C	
		7	
	DD-101		
1			